## Assess the risks





The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 applies to all buildings other than domestic housing, and replaces 118 pieces of previous fire legislation, including the old fire certificate. The law now shifts responsibility from the fire authorities for fire safety to whoever has day-to-day control of premises. Each business must appoint a responsible person, whether it be the owner, manager, facilities manager or an expert consultant to manage the fire risk to the building, including those using the premises and its immediate surroundings.

The emphasis of the Fire Safety Order is on preventing fires and reducing risk. The Department of Communities and Local Government, which is responsible for the legislation, divides all non-domestic buildings in to 11 sections, producing a detailed guide for each. The guides are developed to inform the responsible person how to comply with RRO or FSO as it is known, by helping to carry out a fire risk assessment of the building and identifying the fire precautions which need to be implemented. The guides, available for download from **www.communities.gov.uk/publications/fire/regulatoryreformfire**, have been written for people who have limited training and experience in undertaking a risk assessment, but if you are unsure on how to complete it, you should contact a trained professional.

## **Risk assessments**

A risk assessment is an organised look at what, in your work activities and workplace, could cause harm to people. In the case of a fire, it is identifying possible causes of fire, the precautions you need to take to prevent something igniting and, in the event of a fire how to reduce the risk to the occupants, building and its contents. There are five key steps to undertaking a risk assessment (see right).

## **Fire doors**

Fire doors are designed to contain a fire to a single compartment of a building, therefore reducing the risk to those in other compartments.

- Properly maintained fire doors should be a part of the fire safety plan for every building.
- A fire door should only be installed with certificated components that will ensure it achieves its fire rating
- Without the correct maintenance, the fire door could fail, so, as part of your risk assessment, you should complete the maintenance checklist (see over) to ensure your fire doors are still in working order.
- Review and complete the checklist every 6 months for low usage buildings and every 3 months for high usage buildings.
- For replacement fire door components, visit www.bwfcertifire.org.uk

**REMEMBER** a simple checklist, and does not form a full inspection of the doors. These should be undertaken by competent personnel who are trained to carry out such tasks.

For more information visit the Fire Door Inspection Scheme: www.fdis.co.uk



## **FIRE SAFETY ORDER**

5 key steps to undertaking a risk assessment:

- Identify potential fire hazards
- Identify the people who might be at risk and their location
- Evaluate the risks, review your existing fire precautions and take appropriate action
- Record your findings and tell your employees
- Review and revise assessment as necessary

BWF-CERTIFIRE Fact Card Fire Safety Order August 2012

Label (use your bwfgaptester to look for the label)	
	Is W.C
Has the fire door got a BWF-CERTIFIRE Fire Door and Doorset Scheme label on the top edge?	OWI
If not, can you confirm that the door is in fact a fire door and has been certificated as such?	Way tifu
Door leaf	certifire
	FIRE
Does the door leaf sit against the door stop and is it free of distortion?	DOOR
If the door is veneered or lipped, is the glue still holding these products firmly in place?	SCHEME
Is the door free from damage including dents, and holes?	
Door frame	Fire Safety Order
Is the door frame firmly attached to the wall?	Guides
If a planted door stop is present, is it firmly attached?	Guide 1
Is the frame to door leaf gap consistently 3 mm? (use the bwfgaptester)	Offices and shops
Contact us for our freely available bwfgaptester	Guide 2
3.	Factories and warehouses
Intumescent/smoke/acoustic seals	Guide 3
Are intumescent seals in place? (if not install immediately)	Sleeping
Are the seals well attached inside the groove in the frame or door leaf?	Accommodation
Are the seals free from damage and paint?	Guide 4
	Residential care
If you have a brush or fin type seal, is it free from damage or breakage?	premises
If fitted are the smoke and acoustic seals continuous around the frame or door leaf?	Guide 5
Hinges	Educational premises
Is there a minimum of 3 hinges with all the screws fitted?	Guide 6 Small and medium
	places of assembly
Are all the screws the correct size?	Guide 7
Are the hinges free of metal fragments and oil leakage? (these are signs of wear)	Large places of assembly
Are the hinges free from non-combustible packing?	Guide 8
Door closers	Theatres and cinemas
Open the door to approximately 5 degrees or 75 mm. Does it close and engage with the latch?	Guide 9
	Outdoor events
Is the closer securely attached to the door and frame?	Guide 10 Healthcare premises
Is the closer free from damage and not leaking?	·
If unlatched, does the closer hold the door in line with the frame and intumescent seal?	Guide 11 Transport premises
If hung in pairs, do they close in line if both opened and released together?	and facilities
If hold-open device is used, is it electronically released?	www.firesafetyguides.
Does the hold-open device release the door when required?	communities.gov.uk
2000 the hold open device release the door when required.	
Lock and latch	
Does the latch hold the door firmly in place without rattling?	
Glazing and glass	© bwflabelchecker the books for SW
	ts a door labels
Is the intumescent seal continuous and attached to the glass and bead?	G 98 AUROS Frie Deer Mareriactorer Tid erm trons
Are the glazing beads well attached to the frame and free from damage?	
Is the glass free from damage and cracking?	Check your 3mm gaps MIRROR DEVICE
If the glass has been replaced, is it fire rated glass?	
If glazing panels are below 1500 mm from the bottom of door, is the glass safety glass?	COMPATIBILITY
	bWf Mg
Threshold gap	Weertifire FIRE
Is there a consistent gap under the door that allows it to swing without touching the floor covering?	DOOR SCHEME PUTTING THE PIECES TOGETHER
	Tel: 0844 209 2610 Web: www.bwf.org.uk
Is the door to floor covering gap consistently 10 mm (3 mm if smoke seals are fitted) or less when the door is closed?	mm 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 8 9 9
If the door leaf is fitted with a threshold seal, does the seal make contact with the floor covering	BWF Gap Tester/Label Checke
when the door is closed?	
British Woodworking Federation The Building Control 26 Store Street Lendon WC1E 7RT	CAD I
The Building Centre, 26 Store Street, London WC1E 7BT t: 0844 209 2610 f: 0844 209 2611	CERTIFIED
e: firedoors@bwf.org.uk w: www.bwfcertifire.org.uk	Cons <mark>tru</mark> ction CPD Certification Service

